

PASSIVE VOICE AND RESULTATIVITY

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This article explores the interaction between two grammaticalised meanings of the Bulgarian verb: passivity and resultativity. Through syntactic object-subject transformations, the study examines whether all forms of the type *бидох поканен, бъдех поканен, бивам поканен, бивах поканен, да бъда поканен, нека (да) бъда поканен, дано (да) бъда поканен, бих бил поканен* express a resultative meaning. The consistent application of the transformation criterion reveals that only the grammatical formations containing the auxiliary verbs *бидох* and *бъдех* are resultative. The paper also addresses the competition between different passive forms. The argument is made that replacing forms of the type *бъдех поканен* with *бях поканен* can be justified by the fact that both forms share the same grammatical morphemes. The presence of the morpheme -H or -T transforms *бъдех поканен* into a resultative grammatical entity that is a grammatical synonym of *бях поканен*.

Keywords: voice; passive voice; resultativity; Bulgarian language

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